

**2022 FALL REAL ANALYSIS (I) @ NYCU APPL. MATH.  
HOMEWORK 2**

- Please answer the following questions in details, which means you need to state all theorems and all reasons you have been using.
  - Please mark your name, student ID, and question numbers clearly on your answer sheet. The deadline to hand in the exercise is on October 7, 2022.
- 

(1) Show that the Borel  $\sigma$ -algebra  $\mathcal{B}$  in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  is the smallest  $\sigma$ -algebra containing the closed sets in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .

(2) Let  $E \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  be any subset, recalling that the outer measure is defined via

$$m_*(E) = \inf \{m(\mathcal{O}) : E \subset \mathcal{O}, \text{ and } \mathcal{O} \text{ is an open set in } \mathbb{R}^n\}.$$

One can also define an inner measure  $m^*(E)$  by

$$m^*(E) = \sup \{m(F) : F \subset E, \text{ and } F \text{ is a closed set in } \mathbb{R}^n\}.$$

Show that

(a)  $m^*(E) \leq m_*(E)$ .

(b)  $E$  is measurable if and only if that  $m^*(E) = m_*(E)$ , provided that  $m_*(E) < \infty$ .

(3) We have introduced  $F_\sigma$  and  $G_\delta$  sets in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .

(a) Show that a closed set is  $G_\delta$  but an open set is  $F_\sigma$ .

(b) Construct a set, which is  $F_\sigma$  but not  $G_\delta$ .

(c) Construct a Borel set, which is neither  $G_\delta$  nor  $F_\sigma$ .

(4) Construct an example which is a Lebesgue measurable set but not a Borel measurable set.

(5) Suppose  $E$  is a measure zero set in  $\mathbb{R}$ . Show that there exists a sequence of open sets  $\{\mathcal{O}_n\}$  such that  $E \subset \bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} \mathcal{O}_n$  and  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} m(\mathcal{O}_n) = 0$ .

(6) Try to understand what is a non-measurable set (in the Lebesgue sense)<sup>1</sup>.

---

<sup>1</sup>Please do not hand in this problem to your TA, and the construction of non-measurable sets can be found in any references.